

mrsamaeghani@umsh.ac.ir

lÿ / . lÿ / ÿ.

iXRD

pH " ÿ CFU/mL

SPSS 16

ÿÿ

t ANOVA

TEM SEM iXRD

2xMIC / ZnO pH<sub>ZPC</sub>

ÿhm

ZnO

ZnO

ÿ min

(P<ÿÿÿ)

!ê

!

!

!

( L Atmaca "fl yL

y

ñ y

"

"fl

Xie "

"fl L

yÿ - yÿ mg/mL

MIC

"fl L

"fl

"fl

"

"fl L

"fl L

"fl- L

"

.( L

Sinha

"fl

fl L

fl L

"

"fl

ñ y

"

ñ y

"fl

( L

"

Akhavan .( L

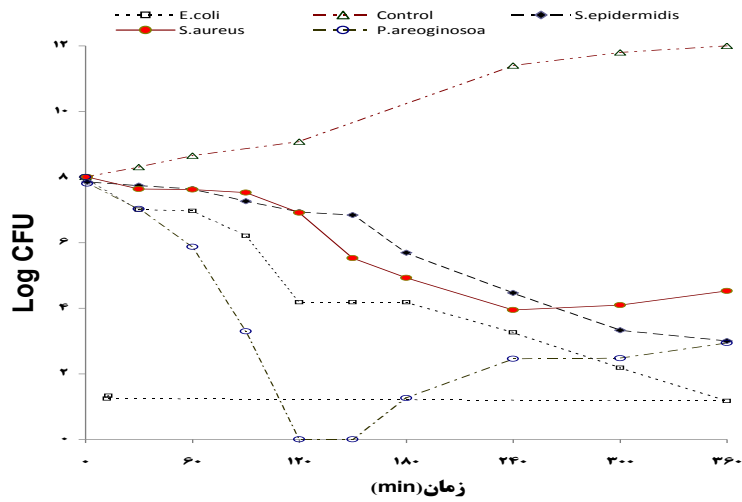
"

(ATCC 25922) . . . . .  
ATCC 27853 . . . . .  
ATCC 25923 . . . . .  
PTCC 1114 . . . . . ( L . . . . .  
" . . . . .  
°C . . . . . Zero Point of) . . . . . MBC; MIC . . . . .  
" . . . . . pH<sub>zpc</sub> (Charge . . . . .  
" . . . . . 1,2x MIC . . . . .  
h . . . . .  
°C . . . . . RAD Production.co . . . . .  
" . . . . .  
" . . . . . mL . . . . . - / × y ) . . . . . " . . . . .  
UNICO-2100 . . . . . Ô . . . . .  
nm . . . . . fl . . . . .  
fl L . . . . . y/y y' . . . . .  
" . . . . . :MIC . . . . . " . . . . .  
" . . . . . fl L . . . . . " . . . . . Nano Amor . . . . .  
( L . . . . . SEM . . . . .  
mL . . . . . " . . . . . KRDE . . . . . TEM) . . . . .  
" . . . . . SB . . . . .  
" . . . . . BET . . . . .  
L . . . . . y/y . . . . . " . . . . .  
h . . . . . fl . . . . . y g/L . . . . .  
°C . . . . . ppm . . . . .  
" . . . . . fl h . . . . . (Bandelin Sonorex RK 31H . . . . .  
" . . . . . y min . . . . .  
L . . . . . fl . . . . . L . . . . .  
" . . . . . fl . . . . .









1 x MIC

frosL

TEM

SEM

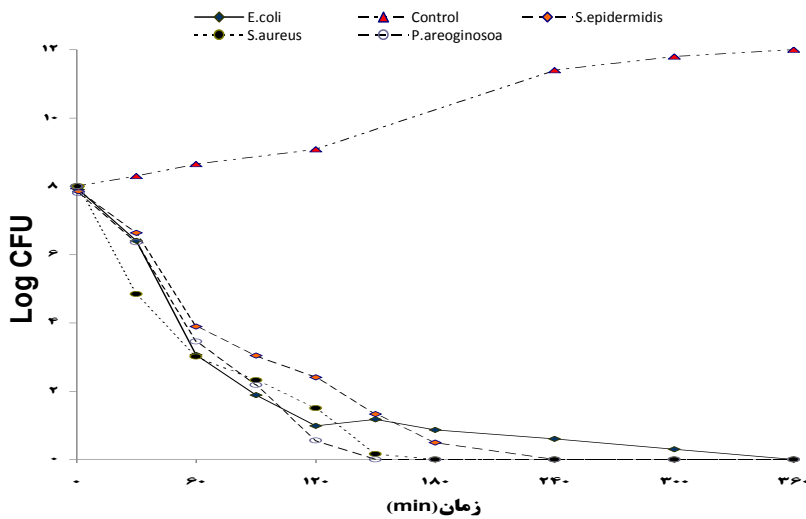
SEM

#

.( L

"H L

fl L



MIC\*1

!ê

"

MIC\* !

"

MIC\*

fl ! L

"

MIC\* h

ñ

ñ / ñ y

ñ yñ /

"

(P < y/y)

!

fl L

( L Tiwari "

"

pH

pH<sub>ZPC</sub> pH

pH

pH<sub>ZPC</sub> fl ) Dimitri "

pH<sub>ZPC</sub> "

y

"

MIC

fl L

"

MBC MIC

Ruparelia "

fl L

MIC/MBC

( y L Gan

ATCC

OATCC 25922 O 27853

ATCC O PTCC 1114

" 25923

"

( L fl L

"

"

O

"

fl L

"





1. Hoseinzadeh E, Samargandi M.R, Alikhani M.Y. Evaluation of synergetic effect of commercial zinc oxide and copper oxide nanoparticles against gram positive and gram negative bacteria by fraction inhibitory concentration index. *Journal of Zanjan University of Medical Sciences*. 2012; 20(82): in press (in Persian).
2. Hoseinzadeh E, Samargandi M.R, Alikhani M.Y, Roshanaei Gh, Asgari G. Antimicrobial efficacy of zinc oxide nanoparticles against gram negative and positive bacteria. *Iranian Journal of Health and Environment*. 2012;14(5):13-9 (in Persian).
3. Hadi M, Shokoohi R, Namvar AME, Karimi M, Aminabad MS. Antibiotic resistance of isolated bacteria from urban and hospital wastewaters in Hamadan City. *Iranian Journal of Health and Environment*. 2011;4(1):105-14 (in Persian).
4. Hoseinzadeh E, Samargandi MR, Alikhani MY, Godini H, Shams Khorramabadi Gh. Sensitivity coefficient and death kinetics of *Escherichia coli* and *Staphylococcus aureus* to zinc oxide and copper oxide nanoparticles. *Journal of Isfahan Medical School*. 2012;30(200):1-11 (in Persian).
5. Fang M, Chen J-H, Xu X-L, Yang P-H, Hildebrand HF. Antibacterial activities of inorganic agents on six bacteria associated with oral infections by two susceptibility tests. *International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents*. 2006;27(6):513-7.
6. Sondi I, Salopek-Sondi B. Silver nanoparticles as antimicrobial agent: a case study on *E. coli* as a model for Gram-negative bacteria. *Journal of Colloid and Interface Science*. 2004;275(1):177-82.
7. Sinha R, Karan R, Sinha A, Khare SK. Interaction and nanotoxic effect of ZnO and Ag nanoparticles on mesophilic and halophilic bacterial cells. *Bioresource Technology*. 2011;102(2):1516-20.
8. Xie Y, He Y, Irwin PL, Jin T, Shi X. Antibacterial activity and mechanism of zinc oxide nanoparticles on *Campylobacter jejuni*. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*. 2011;77(7):2325-31.
9. Kalantar E, Maleki A, Khosravi M, Mahmodi S. Evaluation of ultrasoundwaves effect on antibiotic resistance *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and *Staphylococcus aureus* isolated from hospital and their comparison with standard species. *Iranian Journal of Health and Environment*. 2010;3(3):319-26 (in Persian).
10. Tawale JS, Dey KK, Pasricha R, Sood KN, Srivastava AK. Synthesis and characterization of ZnO tetrapods for optical and antibacterial applications. *Thin Solid Films*. 2011;519(3):1244-7.
11. Zhang L, Ding Y, Povey M, York D. ZnO nanofluids as potential antibacterial agent. *Progress in Natural Science*. 2008;18(8):939-44.
12. Atmaca S, Gul K, Clcek R. The effect of zinc on microbial growth. *Journal of Medical Sciences*. 1998;8:595-7.
13. Dastjerdi R, Montazer M. A review on the application of inorganic nano-structured materials in the modification of textiles: Focus on anti-microbial properties. *Colloids and Surfaces B: Biointerfaces*. 2010;79(1):5-18.
14. Ruparelia JP, Chatterjee AK, Duttagupta SP, Mukherji S. Strain specificity in antimicrobial activity of silver and copper nanoparticles. *Acta Biomaterialia*. 2008;4(3):707-16.
15. Qi L, Xu Z, Jiang X, Hu C, Zou X. Preparation and antibacterial activity of chitosan nanoparticles. *Carbohydrate Research*. 2004;339(16):2693-700.
16. National Committee for Clinical Laboratory Standards. Methods for determining bactericidal activity of antimicrobial agents; Approved guideline. Wayne, PA: NCCLS; 1999. Report No.: Document M26-A.
17. Samarghandy MR, Hoseinzadeh E, Taghavi M, Hoseinzadeh S. Biosorption of Reactive Black 5 from aqueous solution using acid-treated biomass from potato peel waste. *Bioresources*. 2011;6(4):4840-55.
18. Akhavan O, Ghaderi E. Cu and CuO nanoparticles immobilized by silica thin films as antibacterial materials and photocatalysts. *Surface and Coatings Technology*. 2010;205(1):219-23.
19. Blinova I, Ivask A, Heinlaan M, Mortimer M, Kahru A. Ecotoxicity of nanoparticles of CuO and ZnO in natural water. *Environmental Pollution*. 2010;158(1):41-7.

20. Gan X, Liu T, Zhong J, Liu X, Li G. Effect of silver nanoparticles on the electron transfer reactivity and the catalytic activity of myoglobin. *ChemBioChem*. 2004;5(12):1686-91.
21. Food and Drug Administration. Guidance for industry microbiological data for systemic antibacterial drug products - Development, Analysis, and Presentation. New Hampshire: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Food and Drug Administration, Center for Drug Evaluation and Research (CDER); 2009.
22. Tiwari DK, Behari J, Sen P. Time and dose-dependent antimicrobial potential of Ag nanoparticles synthesized by top-down approach. *Current Sciences*. 2008;95(5):647-56.
23. Dimitri AS. Prediction of surface charge on oxides in salt solutions: Revisions for 1:1 (M+L-) electrolytes. *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta*. 2005;69(2):225-57.
24. Lytle DA, Rice EW, Johnson CH, Fox KR. Electrophoretic mobilities of Escherichia coli O157:H7 and Wild-type Escherichia coli strains. *Applied and Environmental Microbiology*. 1999; 65(7):3222-5.

## Antimicrobial Efficacy of Zinc Oxide Nanoparticles Suspension Against Gram Negative and Gram Positive Bacteria

Edris Hoseinzadeh<sup>1</sup>, \*Mohammad Reza Samargandi<sup>2</sup>, Mohammad Yosef Alikhani<sup>3</sup>, Ghodratollah Roshanaei<sup>4</sup>, Ghorban Asgari<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Environmental Health Engineering, School of Public Health, Lorestan University of Medical Sciences, Khorramabad, Iran

<sup>2</sup>Department of Environmental Health Engineering, School of Public Health, Hamadan University of Medical Sciences, Hamedan, Iran

<sup>3</sup>Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Medicine, Hamadan University of Medical Sciences, Hamedan, Iran

<sup>4</sup>Department of Biostatistics, School of Public Health, Hamadan University of Medical Sciences, Hamedan, Iran

Received; 09 May 2012 Accepted; 05 August 2012

### ABSTRACT

**Background and Objectives:** Along with the rapid development of human life, controlling harmful effects of microorganisms would be unavoidable. The objective of this study was to evaluate antibacterial efficacy of zinc oxide nanoparticles on different microbial strains.

**Material and Methods:** This experimental study was done using gram negative and gram positive bacteria in nutrient media. Nanoparticle characterization was determined using X-ray diffraction (XRD), scanning and transmission electron microscopy (SEM and TEM). Bacterial sensitivity to nanoparticles was tested using a disk diffusion test and minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC). Time-kill studies and other tests were carried out using 10<sup>8</sup> CFU/mL of bacteria at baseline. A point of zero charge, pHzpc, of nanoparticle was investigated using the batch equilibration method. Obtained data were managed by SPSS Ver.16 and were analyzed through the Pearson, analysis of variance (ANOVA) and Student's independent t-tests. 0.05 was selected as significant level for all tests.

**Results:** Characterization results from XRD, SEM, and TEM showed that particles are in nano range and they do not contain any discernible crystalline impurity. The average ZnO nanoparticles diameter was 20 nm. The pHzPC for ZnO was found to be 7.51. The *P. aeruginosa* strain exhibited larger diameter inhibition zone (DIZ) to ZnO nanoparticle compared with other strains. Population of *P. aeruginosa* for 2 x MIC concentration was reduced to zero in the presence of nano ZnO within 150 min. The bacterial CFU had significant difference with contact time, nanoparticles loading, and bacterial strain ( $P < 0.001$ ).

**Conclusion:** This study demonstrated that antibacterial activity of ZnO can be a candidates for the elimination of gram negative and gram positive bacteria, particularly in nasocomial infection agent control.

**Keyword:** Gram negative bacteria, Gram positive bacteria, Antimicrobial effect, ZnO

---

\*Corresponding Author: [mrsamarghani@umsha.ac.ir](mailto:mrsamarghani@umsha.ac.ir)

Tel: +98 811 8380025 Fax: +98 811 8380509